Parkinson's Disease ...in 60 minutes

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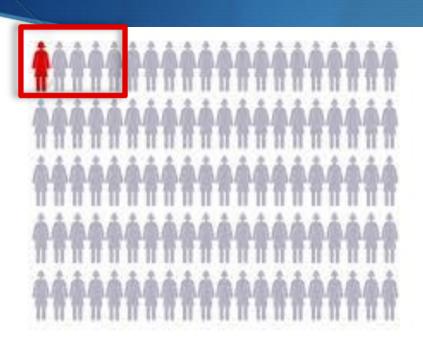
JPOCSC

Plan of attack



- What causes Parkinson's disease brief
- Symptoms/Diagnostic Criteria
- ◆ Treatment options the whole gammut

Parkinson's Disease



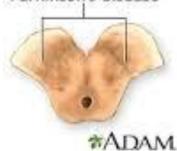


Cut section of the midbrain where a portion of the substantia nigra is visible





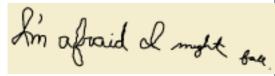
Diminished substantia nigra as seen in Parkinson's disease











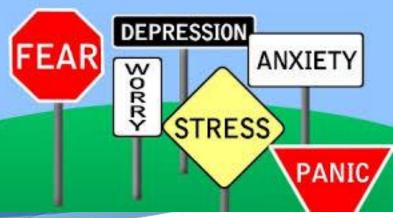
Symptoms



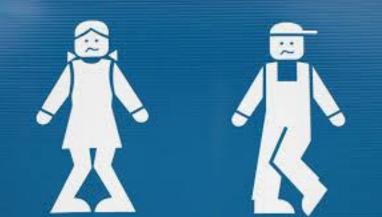


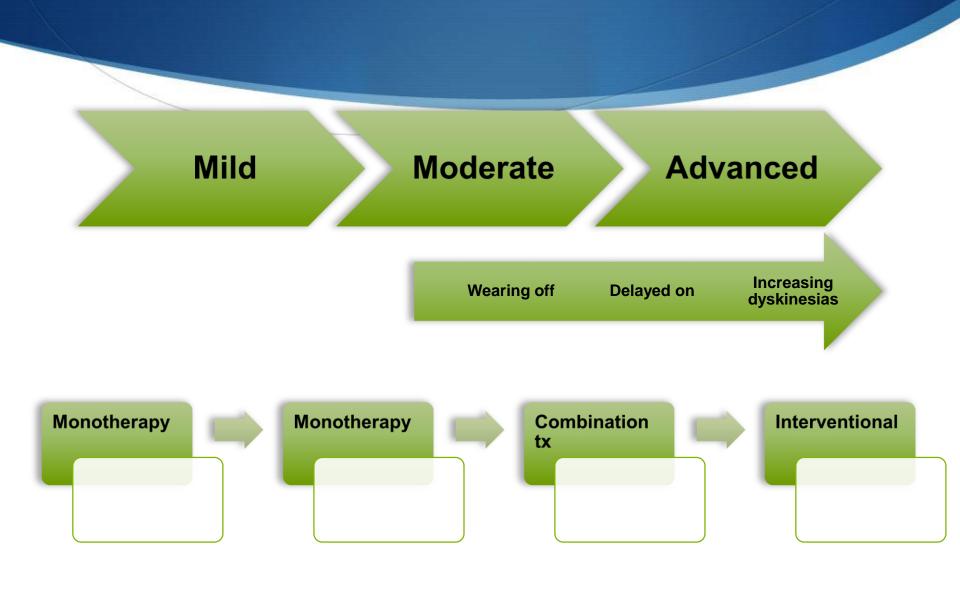












Treatment



Treatment

- 1. Medications for PD
- 2. Don't forget the non-motor symptoms
- 3. Alternative treatments
- 4. It's not all about medications

Major Medication Classes

DOPAMINE

Levodopa-carbidopa/Sinemet

Levodopabenserazide/Prolopa

DOPAMINE AGONISTS

Pramipexole/Mirapex

Ropinirole/Requip

Bromocriptine

MAOB-I

Rasagiline/Azilect

Selegiline

Add on Medications

Entacapone/Comtan

Trihexiphenidyl /Artane

Amantadine

The levodopa myths



- Sinemet accelerates disease progression
- Reality: Levodopa has been shown to increase lifespan and dramatically improve quality of life.

- Sinemet stops working after 5 years so we need to save it for later
- Reality: Levodopa works for decades. Levodopa does not treat all of the symptoms of PD, but it dramatically helps many of the most disabling motor symptoms.

- Sinemet causes dyskinesias so we need to try to delay the use of Sinemet as long as possible.
- Reality: Treatment related side effects are less with levodopa.

- You should wait as long as possible to take the next dose of levodopa.
- Reality: Levodopa is most effective when taken on time, just before the previous dose wears off.
- Secret: A medication timer can help.

Approach to starting

Younger

Older, cognitive impairment

more emphasis on long-term considerations to guide early treatment

longer life expectancy and are more likely to develop motor fluctuations and

dyskinesias

less emphasis is placed on long-term considerations

focus is on providing adequate symptomatic benefit in the near term, with as few adverse effects as possible

In a nutshell

- levodopa more robust effect
- DA generally more side effects which increase with age (somnolence, hallucinations, peripheral edema, ICD)
- motor complications occur earlier with levodopa



Mild Moderate Advanced Wearing off Delayed on Increasing dyskinesias

Monotherapy

- I-dopa
- MAOB-I
- DA**

Monotherapy

- higher dose
- increased frequency

Combination tx

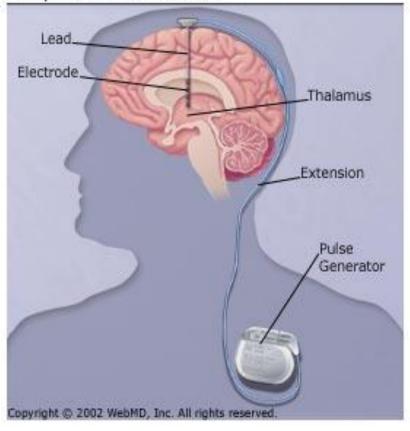
- I-dopa
- DA
- · COMT-I
- MAOB-I

Interventional

- DBS
- continuous intraduodenal infusion

Deep Brain Stimulation

Deep Brain Stimulation



Duodopa

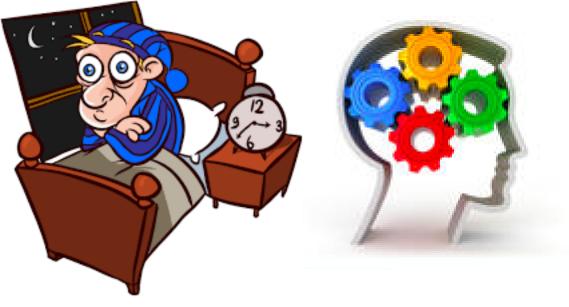


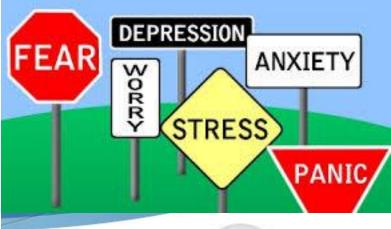
Recent updates

- Tasigna/Nilotinib leukemia drug
- Antimalaria drugs (ex: chloroquine)
- Inhaled levodopa

Take home messages

- Medications for PD
- 2. Don't forget the non-motor symptoms
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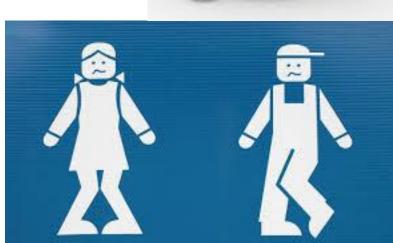




Non-motor symptoms







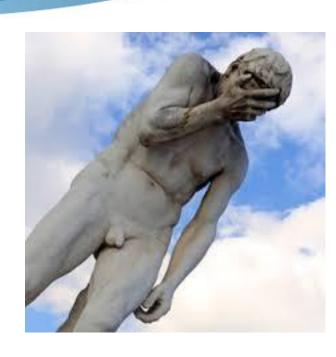
IMPORTANT

Unidentified or untreated non-motor symptoms contribute to poorer quality of life and poorer motor function overall

Urinary, bowel, sexual dysfunction







Postural hypotension



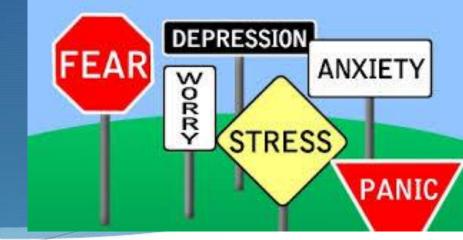
WHY

- Parkinson's disease
- levodopa/dopamine agonist
- Other comorbid conditions
- Other medications

TREATMENT

- Reduce causative meds
- High salt diet
- Stockings
- Domperidone
- Other meds

Mood



- Not just sad...often irritability
- Be open and aggressive in treating mood disorders
- If mood is left untreated, motor symptoms are difficult to treat
- GREATEST DETERMINANT OF QoL

Cognitive Issues



- Not Alzheimer's
- Problems: Multi-tasking, visuospatial, executive function
- Requires regular assessment
- Cholinesterase inhibitors are beneficial for select patients

"Off" Non-motor symptoms

- NMS can cycle just as motor symptoms do with OFF times
- Eg: off-anxiety, off-sweating
- Approach is to reduce the off time

Take home messages

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QUESTION

How many take a non-prescribed drug to help with PD?

Alternative treatments

- Coenzyme Q10
- Creatine
- Vitamin E
- Vitamin D
- Mucuna puriens
- Caffeine



Alternative treatments

- Medical marijuana
 - anecdotally up to 45% found benefit
 - few controlled studies
 - not shown helpful for tremor or dyskinesias
 - s/e



Take home messages

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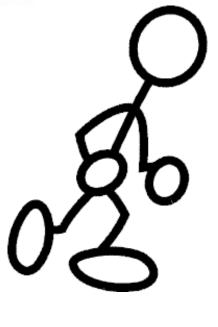
QUESTION

What forms of exercise are good for Parkinson's disease?

Essentially, all right answers

Drugs aren't everything











Resources

- www.parkinson.ca (Parkinson Society Canada)
- <u>www.parkinson.bc.ca</u> (Parkinson Society BC)
- www.parkinsons.org (National Parkinson's Foundation, USA)
- www.pdf.org (Parkinson's disease foundation)

THANK YOU

